

ROMAN DENARII

2026:1

Hoard and Stray Finds in Sweden



Hoard

Gotland, Bäl par., Gane
Gotland, Öja par., Öja by

Lennart Lind

ROMAN DENARII

Editorial note

Roman Denarii, Hoards and Stray Finds in Sweden is published by Stockholm Numismatic Institute (Gunnar Ekström chair in numismatics and monetary history) at Stockholm University. Hoards are defined as two or more coins or one coin found together with other objects.

Each issue will cover one or more finds. In the PDF-version the photos can be magnified c. ten times.

The series is edited by Jens Christian Moesgaard (from 2026) and Kenneth Jonsson (until 2026) and the layout is made by Angelica Landgren.

It is only distributed in PDF-format on the Internet which enables everybody to print it themselves.

After downloading the file it can be printed using Adobe Reader which is available for free at: www.adobe.com

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The rate of publication depends on when a new manuscript is ready.

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ISSN 2001-6743

Covers: Gane no 3, Trajan, RIC 102.

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Roman Denarii

Hoard and Stray Finds in Sweden

Background

Roman Imperial denarii of the first two or three centuries of our era may be regarded as the first coins in Sweden. On the territory of present-day Sweden some 8,000 pieces have been unearthed in modern times, most of them, c. 7,000, on Gotland, the island in the Baltic. Apart from one or two rather doubtful stray finds with Republican coins, the earliest coins belong to the reign of Nero (54-68). Denarii later than AD 200 are rare, and no such coin later than Severus Alexander (222-235) or, perhaps, Gordian III (238-244) can relate to other denarii, i.e., of an earlier date. Except for late Roman and early Byzantine solidi of the fifth and sixth centuries, ancient coins of other origins or denominations are rare or non-existent.

Find context

Denarii have sometimes been found during archaeological excavations of prehistoric settlements and graves, and, more recently, with the help of metal detectors. In contrast to what is the case in some other countries, however, the metal detector revolution has not dramatically increased the number of known coins in Sweden, although, on Gotland, the number of known find spots for denarii has increased considerably. The bulk of the coins known and extant have been brought to light casually, most often during agricultural activities. Most of the coins available for study today came to light before 1940.

Degree of wear

Denarii are rarely found with contemporary coins of other denominations but sometimes with late Roman and early Byzantine solidi.

All denarii found in Sweden are worn, those on Gotland, however, to a larger degree than those from the rest of the country, sometimes making the attribution difficult or impossible. This is as true of extant coins found in the nineteenth century as of those found more recently.

The differences in the degree of wear between the denarii found on Gotland and those from the rest of Sweden have long been known to and discussed by scholars. Sture Bolin in 1926 suggested that the coins on Gotland had been worn through circulation on the island (Bolin 1926, pp. 274-278), but the composition of the large hoards, of which Bolin had insufficient knowledge, makes such a hypothesis unlikely (see Lind 1988, pp. 65-85 and 1993; cf. Lind 2026). Most probably the Gotlandic denarii were heavily worn already when they arrived at the island. The difference may be chronological, i.e., the coins which ended up on Gotland may have done so later than those ending up in the rest of Sweden, and/or geographical, i.e., the coins found on Gotland may have had another origin on the European continent than those from the rest of the country.

Imitations

To the genuine coins can be added a number of supposedly non-Roman imitations, usually

found together with official denarii and sometimes denoted “Barbarous” or “Barbarian” imitations. They almost exclusively belong to Gotland and constitute about one per cent of the total number of coins found there. Because of the degree of wear, it is sometimes difficult to make a distinction between imitations and regular Roman denarii. Imitations are often found in hoards. The largest hoard of Roman denarii found in Sweden (and Scandinavia), Sindarve on Gotland, originally 1,500 coins (1,488 extant), has at least five imitations, but there may be some more, among the much-worn specimens (see Lind 1981; 1988, pp. 112–126 and 2005).

Imitations of Roman Imperial denarii are fairly numerous in finds on the European continent outside what was once the Roman Empire, and they were probably made outside the Limes. See Stribny 2003, Dymowski 2019a, 2019b and Dymowski & Myzgin 2021. Imitations in silver of denarii are particularly common in Ukraine, see Anokhin 2015 and the site of Oleg Anokhin in Chernivtsi: <http://barbarous-imitations.narod.ru/>.

Die-links between imitations found in Sweden and on the European continent have been demonstrated (Lind 2007, 2018, 2021 and 2024).

Collections

Most of the denarii available for study are today kept in the collections of the Kungliga Myntkabinettet (KMK; Royal Coin Cabinet, recently officially renamed Ekonomiska Museet – Kungliga Myntkabinettet; Economic Museum – Royal Coin Cabinet), in Stockholm and Gotlands Museum in Visby on Gotland. The large number of coins still extant from early finds is due to conditions special to Sweden. On the one hand the country has been spared from wars for a very long time, since 1815, in fact;

on the other hand, there has been strict enforcement from an early date of laws concerning findings in the earth. The earliest hoard of denarii from which coins are still extant was found in 1834, and denarius hoards unearthed in the nineteenth century are in some cases completely or almost completely preserved. With some exceptions, photos and information about coins kept in Stockholm and found in 1990 or earlier are available on the Sök i samlingarna of the Statens Historiska Museer (SHM; National Historical Museums), of which the Ekonomiska Museet – Kungliga Myntkabinettet (Economic Museum – Royal Coin Cabinet) is one. <https://samlingar.shm.se/sok?type=object>.

The Roman Denarii in Europe

Roman denarii in Sweden are those found in the most northerly region of Europe, but they are not, as is well known, the only such coins discovered to the north of the Roman Imperial frontiers. Denarii have been found outside the old Roman Limes in a broad, west-to-east belt, from the North Sea and the Rhine to the Donets Basin (and occasionally even further to the east and north-east) (see Lind 1981 and Dymowski, Bliujienė, Horsnæs et al. 2020). In what is today Poland, for instance, a compass of land never part of the Roman Empire, the number of denarii found may amount to 100,000 or more. Any explanation as to the presence of denarii in Sweden must take those found on the European continent into consideration.

The Catalogue

The coins have been determined according to RIC, first and second edition; all coins according to the first edition, 1923 onwards, and those from Nero to Domitian and those from the reign of Hadrian also according to the second edition, from 1984 onwards. In the case of

the coins from the reign of Hadrian, dates and description of reverses are only given according to the first edition. The dates according to the second edition can be had from the internet

site of OCRE (Online Coins of the Roman Empire).

Lennart Lind

Gotland, Bäl parish, Gane

KMK 101144 and 101251

Year: 1922-1923, 1983-1984.

Category of find: Hoard.

Number of coins: 44 (40).

Other objects: See Find circumstances.

Weight: 105.27 g (40 coins).

Find circumstances: 25 denarii were found in October 1983 by Majvor Östergren and Torgny Andersson of the Skattfyndprojektet, during an investigation with a metal detector of a find spot where four silver coins, now lost but probably Roman denarii, had been discovered in the 1920s. Fifteen more coins were found during a renewed investigation in September and October 1984. On both occasions some other metal objects were unearthed, probably unrelated to the coins.

Source: KMK Inv.

Literature: Golabiewski Lannby 1991a, p. 134 no. 3; 1991b, p. 155 no. 6; Dymowski et al. 2020, p. 228 no. 374.

Synopsis

Emperor	Years	Portrait	Reign
Vespasian	AD 69–79	1	1
Titus	AD 79–81	1	1
Trajan	AD 98–117	10	10
Hadrian	AD 117–138	9	9
Antoninus Pius	AD 138–161	3	8
Faustina I (wife)		4	-
Marcus Aurelius	AD 161–180	7	8
Faustina II (wife)		1	-
Lucius Verus	AD 161–169	1	-
Commodus	AD 180–192	2	2
Imitation	(AD 161-?)	1	1
Total		40	40

Latest coin: AD 190–191

List of coins

NO.	MINT	DATE	LITERATURE	WEIGHT	REVERSE
VESPASIAN					
1	Rome	69-71	RIC1 15 (RIC2 2)	2.86 g.	Jewess std r., mourning
TITUS					
2	Rome	79-80	RIC1 ? (RIC2 ?)	2.66 g	Effaced
2 Obverse legend: [IMP TIT]VS CAES VESP[ASIAN ..]					
TRAIAN					
3	Rome	103-111	RIC 102	2.73 g.	Pax burning spoils
4	“	103-114	RIC 108 Type?	2.77 g.	Vesta (?) std l.

NO.	MINT	DATE	LITERATURE	WEIGHT	REVERSE
5	“	103-111	RIC 119	2.83 g.	Aequitas std l.
6	“	“	RIC 121	2.67 g.	Felicitas stg l.
7	“	“	RIC ?	2.48 g.	Much worn
8	“	112-114	RIC 269	2.68 g.	Mars walking r.
9	“	“	RIC 271	2.67 g.	Felicitas stg l.
10	“	114-117	RIC 318	2.82 g.	Fortuna std l.
11	“	“	RIC 337	2.94 g.	Mars walking
12	“	“	RIC 347	2.70 g.	Genius stg l.

7 Obverse legend: IM[P TRAIANO AVG GE]R DAC [PM TR P]

HADRIAN

13	Rome	117-118	RIC1 8 Type (RIC2 24 Type)	2.64 g.	Pietas stg l.
14	“	119-122	RIC1 135 (RIC2 293)	2.55 g.	Pudicitia stg front
15	“	“	RIC1 135 (RIC2 293)	2.79 g.	Pudicitia stg front
16	“	125-128	RIC1 155(c) (RIC2 790)	2.46 g.	Neptune stg r.
17	“	“	RIC1 161 (RIC2 722)	3.12 g.	Roma stg l.
18	“	“	RIC1 169 (RIC2 845)	2.78 g.	Abundantia stg l.
19	“	“	RIC1 172(c) (RIC2 716)	2.74 g.	Concordia std l.
20	“	“	RIC1 176(d) (RIC2 846)	2.76 g.	Pudicitia stg l.
21	“	125-134	RIC1 ? (RIC2 ?)	2.62 g.	Female stg l.

Obverse legend: HADRIANVS – A[VG ...]

ANTONINVS PIVS

22	Rome	139	RIC 49	3.00 g.	Fortuna stg l.
23	“	145-161	RIC 130	2.75 g.	Felicitas stg l.
24	“	152-153	RIC 219	2.75 g.	Vesta stg l.

NO.	MINT	DATE	LITERATURE	WEIGHT	REVERSE
FAUSTINA I (DIVA)					
25	Rome	141-161	RIC 344	3.06 g.	Juno stg l.
26	"	"	RIC 394a	2.95 g.	Pietas stg l.
27	"	"	RIC 394a	2.58 g.	Pietas stg l.
28	"	"	RIC ?	2.75 g.	Female stg l.
Obverse legend: DIVA – FAVS[TINA]					
MARCUS AURELIUS (UNDER ANTONINUS PIUS)					
29	Rome	145-159	RIC 433 or 480(e)	2.54 g.	Virtus stg r.
MARCUS AURELIUS					
30	Rome	164-165	RIC 125	2.77g.	Annona stg l.
31	"	166-168	RIC 170, 176 or 186	2.88 g.	Providentia stg l.
32	"	170-171	RIC 227	2.42 g.	Jupiter std l.
33	"	175-176	RIC 325 or 348	2.71 g.	Securitas std l.
34	"	176-180	RIC 413	2.77 g.	Minerva stg l.
35	"	"	RIC ?	2.83 g.	Much worn
35 Obverse legend: [M AVREL] ANTO – NINVS AVG.					
FAUSTINA II (UNDER MARCUS AURELIUS)					
36	Rome	161-176	RIC 730	2.64 g.	Venus stg l.
LUCIUS VERUS					
37	Rome	161-162	RIC 465 or 484	2.62 g.	Providentia stg l.
COMMODUS					
38	Rome	179-180	RIC 2	2.19 g.	Fortuna std l.
39	"	190-191	RIC ?	2.67 g.	Female stg l. ?
Obverse legend: [M COMM ANT] P FE – L [AVG BRIT PP]					

NO.	MINT	DATE	LITERATURE	WEIGHT	REVERSE
IMITATION					
40	–		Imitation of Marcus Aurelius (?)	2.01 g.	Female (?) stg 1.
40 Lind 2018, no. 42.					



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Numbers of photographs in Sök i samlingarna*, by Angelica Landgren,
SHM: <https://samlingar.shm.se/sok?type=object>

No.	Sök i samling	No.	Sök i samling
	<i>Vespasian</i>		<i>Divia Faustina I</i>
1	3206811	25	3206825
		26	3206826
		27	3206827
	<i>Titus</i>	28	3207142
2	3207132		
			<i>Marcus Aurelius (under Antoninus Pius)</i>
	<i>Trajan</i>	29	3206828
3	3206812		
4	3206813		<i>Marcus Aurelius</i>
5	3207133		
6	3207134	30	3206829
7	3207137	31	3207143
8	3206814	32	3207144
9	3207135	33	3206830
10	3206815	34	3207145
11	3206816	35	3206831
12	3207136		
			<i>Faustina II (under Marcus Aurelius)</i>
	<i>Hadrian</i>	36	3206832
13	3206817		
14	3206818		<i>Lucius Verus</i>
15	3206819		
16	3206820	37	3206833
17	3206821		
18	3206822		<i>Commodus</i>
19	3207138		
20	3207140	38	3206834
21	3207139	39	3206835
	<i>Antoninus Pius</i>		<i>Imitation</i>
22	3207141	40	3207146
23	3206823		
24	3206824		

* Sök i samlingarna is the official digital database of Statens Historiska Museer, SHM.

Gotland, Öja parish, Öja by (village)

SHM 3272

Year: 1864.

Category of find: Hoard.

Number of coins: 66 (55).

Other objects: 0.

Weight: 155.21 g (55 coins).

Find circumstances: Found by the labourer ("arbetskarl") Gustaf Söderberg in "Öja, Öja by (village)". No other information in the archives about circumstances of discovery.

Comments: 66 coins were handed in to the SHM, 11 have disappeared. One of the coins of the find, probably one among the lost ones, was made the subject of metal analysis at the Royal Mint in Stockholm, giving 93 % silver. The finder/seller was given 30 "Riksdaler" and 41 "Öre" for the 66 coins, quite a sum at the time. The many scratches on some of the coins may be due to rough cleaning in the nineteenth century, possibly by the finder/seller.

Source: SHM Inv.

Literature: Montelius 1869, pp. 8f. no. 71; Hauberg 1894, p. 334 no. 66; Almgren & Nerman p. 60 no. 254; Bolin 1926, p. (139) BH 133b; Lind 1981, pp. 94f. no. 121; Östergren 1981, p. 58 no. 120b; Dymowski et al. 2020, pp. 232f. no. 404.

Synopsis

Emperor	Montelius	Lind	RIC
Titus	-	I	I
Domitian	-	I	I
Nerva	2	I	I
Trajan	13	10	10
Hadrian	15	10	11
Aelius Caesar	-	I	-
Antoninus Pius	10	9	14
Faustina I (wife)	4	4	-
Marcus Aurelius	11	7	14
Faustina II (wife)	7	5	-
Lucius Verus	2	3	-
Commodus	2	3	3
Total	66	55	55

Latest coin: AD 188–191

List of coins

NO.	MINT	DATE	LITERATURE	WEIGHT	REVERSE
TITUS					
1	Rome	79	RIC1 5,11 or 17 (RIC2 12, 30 or 49)	2.72 g.	Captive, trophy
DOMITIAN (AUG)					
2	Rome	85-96	RIC1 65 Type (RIC2 329 Type)	2.84 g	Minerva stg 1.
NERVA					
3	Rome	96-97	RIC 1 or 13	2.86 g.	Aequitas stg 1.
TRAIAN					
4	Rome	103-111	RIC 102	2.56 g.	Pax burning spoils

NO.	MINT	DATE	LITERATURE	WEIGHT	REVERSE
5	“	“	RIC 116	2.76 g.	Roma std l.
6	“	“	RIC 130	3.24 g.	Victory stg r., trophy
7	“	114-117	RIC 318ff.	2.90 g.	Fortuna std l.
8	“	“	RIC 318 Var. or 320	2.68 g.	Fortuna std l.
9	“	“	RIC 340	2.82 g	Mars walking r.
10	“	“	RIC 347	2.70 g.	Genius stg l.
11	“	“	RIC 355	2.96 g.	Virtus stg r.
12	“	“	RIC 356	3.04 g.	Traian's Column
13	“	“	RIC 360	2.68 g.	Providentia stg l.
HADRIAN					
14	Rome	119-122	RIC1 137 (RIC2 374)	2.80 g	Salus std l.
15	“	125-138	RIC1 162 or 332 (RIC2 860 or 919f.)	2.78 g	Roma std r.
16	“	125-128	RIC1 176 (RIC2 846)	2.82 g	Pudicitia stg l.
17	“	134-138	RIC1 241A (RIC2 2199ff.)	2.92 g	Fides stg r.
18	“	“	RIC1 241A (RIC2 2199ff.)	2.64 g	Fides stg r.
19	“	“	RIC1 248(a) (RIC2 1405)	2.78 g	Fortuna, Hadrian
20	“	“	RIC1 267 (RIC2 2047f.)	2.92 g	Salus stg r.
21	“	“	RIC1 282 (RIC2 2239f.)	2.84 g	Victory stg r.
22	“	“	RIC1 290 (RIC2 2325f.)	2.92 g	Hadrian stg l., tripod
23	“	“	RIC1 296 (RIC2 1481f.)	2.84 g	Egypt reclining l.
AELIUS CAESAR					
24	Rome	137	RIC1 436 (RIC2 2625)	2.86 g	Concordia std l.

NO.	MINT	DATE	LITERATURE	WEIGHT	REVERSE
ANTONINUS PIUS					
25	Rome	139-161	RIC 48 or 130a	2.66 g.	Felicitas stg l.
26	"	140-143	RIC 61	2.72 g.	Aequitas stg l.
27	"	145-161	RIC 137	2.80 g.	Thunderbolt, throne
28	"	"	RIC 137	3.22 g.	Thunderbolt, throne
29	"	147-156	RIC 163/204 Type	2.78 g.	Annona, modius, vessel
30	"	150-161	RIC 195 Type	2.60 g.	Fortuna stg r.
31	"	150-151	RIC 202	3.10 g.	Tranquillitas stg r.
32	"	155-157	RIC 248 or 259	2.82 g.	Ceres std l.
ANTONINUS PIUS (DIVUS)					
33	Rome	161-180	RIC 431	2.96 g.	Eagle stg r., altar
FAUSTINA I					
34	Rome	139-141	RIC 338	2.64 g.	Juno stg l.
FAUSTINA I (DIVA)					
35	Rome	141-161	RIC 344	2.68 g.	Juno stg l.
36	"	"	RIC 373(?)	2.92 g.	Pietas (?) stg l.
37	"	"	RIC 387(b)	3.16 g.	Eagle stg r.
MARCUS AURELIUS (UNDER ANTONINUS PIUS)					
38	Rome	157-159	RIC 476 or 479	2.60 g.	Spes advancing l.
MARCUS AURELIUS					
39	Rome	166(?)	RIC 159(?)	2.98 g	Pax (?) stg l.
40	"	166-168	RIC 170 or 176	2.76 g.	Providentia stg l.
41	"	"	RIC 170, 176 or 186	2.85 g.	Providentia stg l.
42	"	168-169	RIC 207	2.48 g.	Salus stg l.
43	"	174-175	RIC 311	2.72 g.	Genius stg l.
44	"	179	RIC 403	2.54 g.	Salus std l.

42 Pierced. Round hole

NO.	MINT	DATE	LITERATURE	WEIGHT	REVERSE
FAUSTINA II (UNDER ANTONINUS PIUS)					
45	Rome	145-161	RIC 502(a)	2.84 g.	Concordia std l.
FAUSTINA II (UNDER MARCUS AURELIUS)					
46	Rome	161-176	RIC 669	2.82 g.	Ceres std l.
47	"	"	RIC 686	2.44 g.	Hilaritas stg l.
48	"	"	RIC 710f.	2.98 g.	Pulvinar
49	"	"	RIC 723	3.10 g.	Venus, column
LUCIUS VERUS					
50	Rome	166(?)	RIC 561(?)	2.96 g.	Pax (?) stg l.
51	"	168	RIC 595	2.94 g.	Aequitas std l.
VERUS (DIVUS)					
52	Rome	169-180	RIC 596a	3.06 g.	Eagle stg. facing
COMMODUS					
53	Rome	183-184	RIC 84	2.92 g.	Felicitas stg l.
54	"	184-185	RIC 90(C) or 102	3.10 g.	Roma stg l.
55	"	188-191	RIC 177 or 224	2.18 g.	Roma std l.



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Numbers of photographs in Sök i samlingarna*, by Angelica Landgren,
SHM: <https://samlingar.shm.se/sok?type=object>

No.	Sök i samling	No.	Sök i samling	No.	Sök i samling
	<i>Titus</i>		<i>Aelius Caesar</i>		<i>Marcus Aurelius</i>
1	3118065	24	3118088	39	3118103
				40	3118104
	<i>Domitian</i>		<i>Antoninus Pius</i>	41	3118105
				42	3118106
2	3118066	25	3118089	43	3118107
		26	3118090	44	3118108
		27	3118091		
	<i>Nerva</i>	28	3118092		<i>Faustina II (under</i>
		29	3118093		<i>Antoninus Pius)</i>
3	3118067	30	3118094		
		31	3118095	45	3118109
	<i>Trajan</i>	32	3118096		
					<i>Faustina II (under</i>
4	3118068		<i>Divus Antoninus Pius</i>		<i>Marcus Aurelius)</i>
5	3118069				
6	3118070	33	3118097	46	3118110
7	3118071			47	3118111
8	3118072			48	3118112
9	3118073		<i>Faustina I</i>	49	3118113
10	3118074				
11	3118075	34	3118098		
12	3118076				<i>Lucius Verus</i>
13	3118077				
			<i>Diva Faustina I</i>	50	3118114
	<i>Hadrian</i>			51	3118115
		35	3118099		
		36	3118100		
14	3118078	37	3118101		<i>Divus Verus</i>
15	3118079				
16	3118080			52	3118116
17	3118081		<i>Marcus Aurelius</i>		
18	3118082		<i>(under Antoninus Pius)</i>		
19	3118083				<i>Commodus</i>
20	3118084	38	3118102		
21	3118085			53	3118117
22	3118086			54	3118118
23	3118087			55	3118119

* Sök i samlingarna is the official digital database of Statens Historiska Museer, SHM.

Roman Emperors and Empresses represented on Denarii

Augustus	27 B.C.–A.D. 14
Tiberius	A.D. 14–37
Caligula	A.D. 37–41
Claudius	A.D. 41–54
Nero	A.D. 54–68
Galba	A.D. 68–69
Otho	A.D. 69
Vitellius	A.D. 69
Vespasian	A.D. 69–79
Titus	A.D. 79–81
Domitian	A.D. 81–96
Nerva	A.D. 96–98
Trajan	A.D. 98–117
Hadrian	A.D. 117–138
Sabina	Wife of Hadrian
Aelius Caesar	A.D. 136–138
Antoninus Pius	A.D. 138–161
Faustina Senior	Wife of Antoninus Pius
Marcus Aurelius	A.D. 161–180
Faustina Junior	Daughter of Antoninus Pius. Wife of Marcus Aurelius
Lucius Verus	A.D. 161–169
Lucilla	Daughter of Marcus Aurelius. Wife of Lucius Verus
Commodus	A.D. 177–192
Crispina	Wife of Commodus
Pertinax	A.D. 193
Didius Julianus	A.D. 193
Pescennius Niger	A.D. 193–194
Clodius Albinus	A.D. 193–197
Septimius Severus	A.D. 193–211
Julia Domna	Wife of Septimius Severus
Caracalla	198–217
Plautilla	Wife of Caracalla
Geta	A.D. 209–212
Macrinus	A.D. 217–218
Diadumenian	A.D. 218
Elagabalus	A.D. 218–222
Julia Paula	First wife of Elagabalus
Acquilia Severa	Second and fourth wife of Elagabalus
Annia Faustina	Third wife of Elagabalus
Julia Soaemias	Mother of Elagabalus
Julia Maesa	Grandmother of Elagabalus and Severus Alexander
Severus Alexander	A.D. 222–235
Orbiana	Wife of Severus Alexander
Julia Mamaea	Mother of Severus Alexander
Maximinus I	A.D. 235–238
Paulina	Wife of Maximinus
Maximus	Caesar, A.D. 235–238
Gordian I	A.D. 238
Gordian II	A.D. 238
Balbinus	A.D. 238
Pupienus	A.D. 238
Gordian III	A.D. 238–244
Tranquillina	Wife of Gordian III
Philip I	A.D. 244–249
Otacilia Severa	Wife of Philip I
Philip II	A.D. 247–249

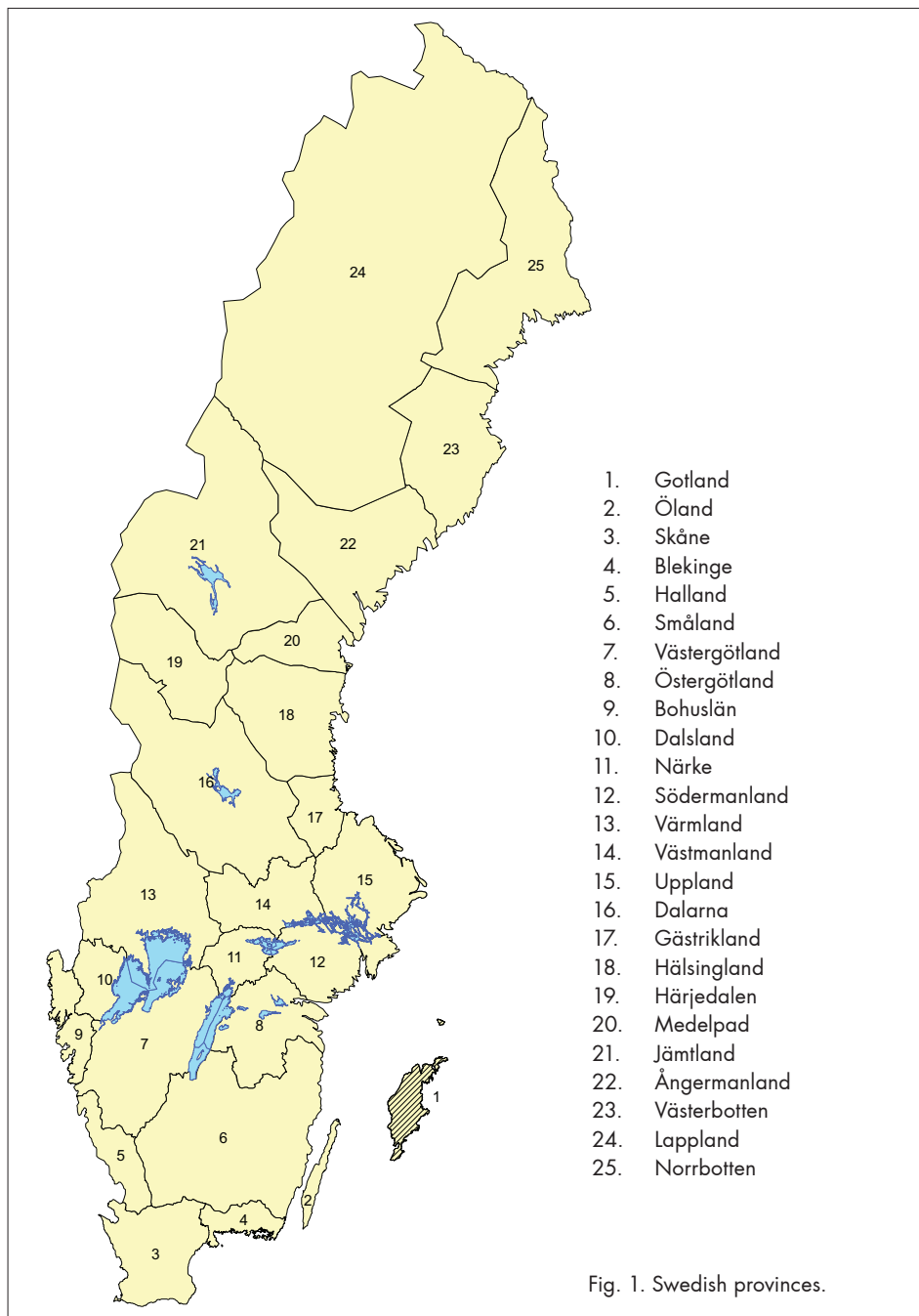
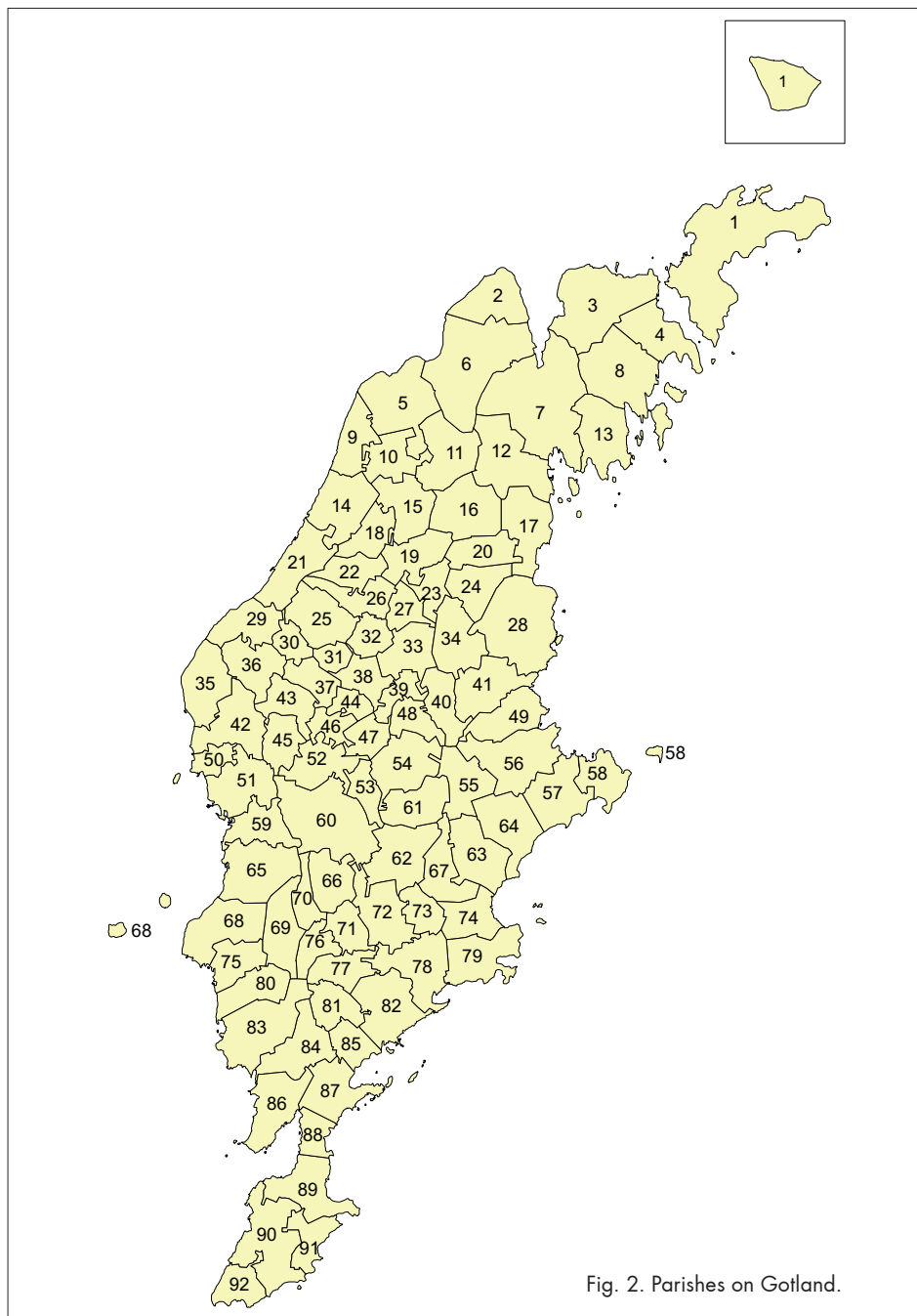
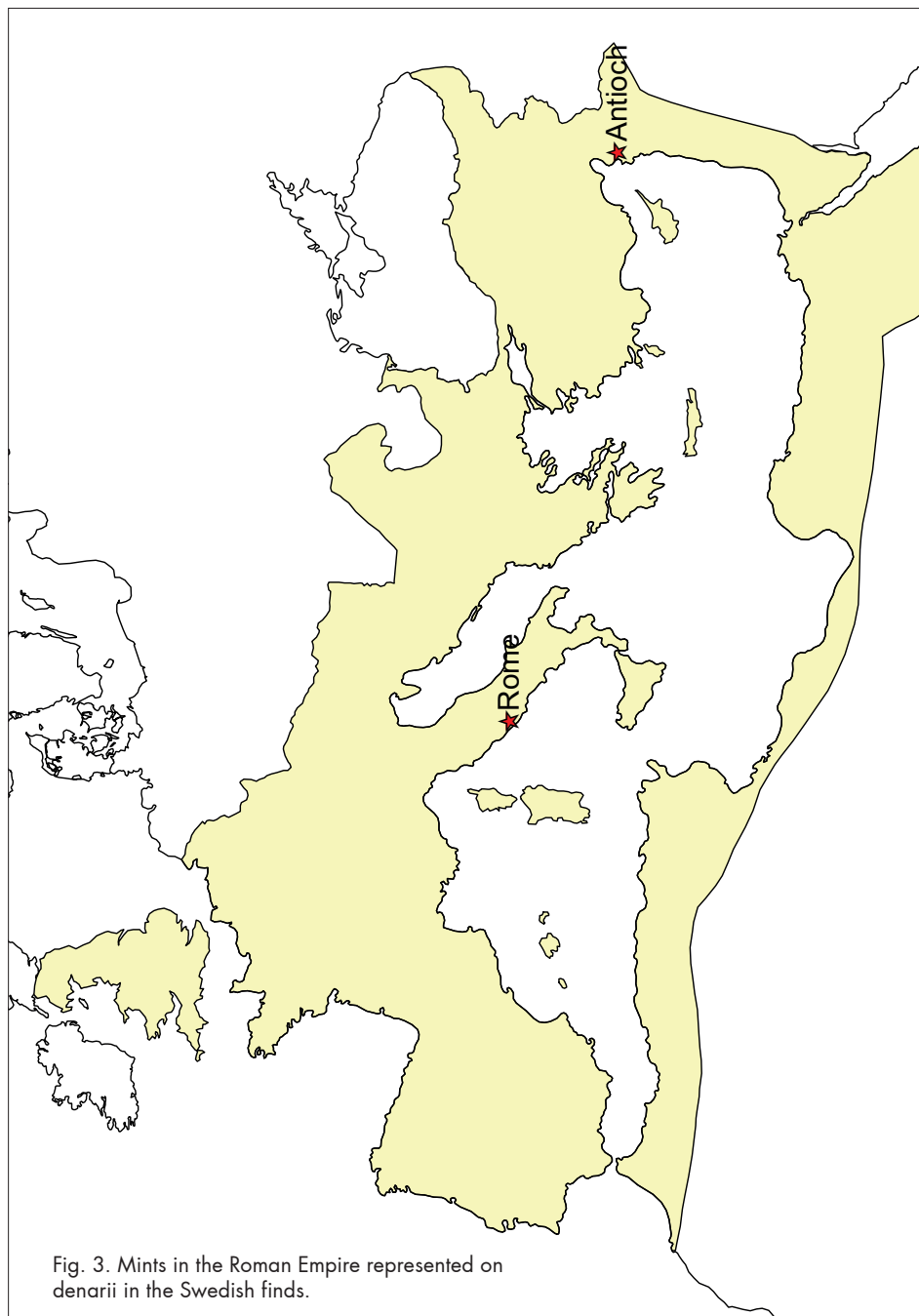


Fig. 1. Swedish provinces.



1. Färö (incl. Gotska sandön)	48. Sjonhem	Akeböck	31	Hogrän	43
2. Hall	49. Anga	Ala	55	Hörsne & Bara	34
3. Fleringe	50. Västergarn	Alskog	63	Klinte	59
4. Bunge	51. Sanda	Alva	81	Kräklingbo	56
5. Stenkyrka	52. Väte	Anga	49	Källunge	23
6. Hangvar	53. Guldrupe	Ardre	64	Lau	74
7. Lärbo	54. Vänge	Atlingbo	46	Levide	69
8. Rute	55. Ala	Barlingbo	32	Linde	71
9. Lummelunda	56. Kräklingbo	Björke	44	Løjsta	66
10. Martebo	57. Gammelgarn	Boge	17	Lokrume	15
11. Tingstäde	58. Östergarn	Bro	18	Lummelunda	9
12. Othem	59. Klinte	Bunge	4	Lye	73
13. Hellvi	60. Hejde	Burs	78	Lärbo	7
14. Väskinde	61. Buttle	Buttle	61	Martebo	10
15. Lokrume	62. Etelhem	Bäl	20	Mästerby	45
16. Hejnum	63. Alskog	Dalhem	33	Norrlanda	41
17. Boge	64. Ardre	Eke	85	När	79
18. Bro	65. Fröjel	Ekeby	27	Näs	86
19. Fole	66. Løjsta	Eksta	68	Othem	12
20. Bäl	67. Garde	Endre	26	Roma	38
21. Visby	68. Eksta	Eskelhem	42	Rone	82
22. Hejdeby	69. Levide	Etelhem	62	Rute	8
23. Källunge	70. Gerum	Fardhem	76	Sanda	51
24. Vallstena	71. Linde	Fide	88	Silte	80
25. Follingbo	72. Stånga	Fleringe	3	Sjonhem	48
26. Endre	73. Lye	Fole	19	Sproge	75
27. Ekeby	74. Lau	Follingbo	25	Stenkumla	36
28. Gothem	75. Sproge	Fröjel	65	Stenkyrka	5
29. Västerhejde	76. Fardhem	Färö (incl. Gotska sandön)	1	Stånga	72
30. Träkumla	77. Hemse	Gammelgarn	57	Sundre	92
31. Akeböck	78. Burs	Ganthem	40	Tingstäde	11
32. Barlingbo	79. När	Garde	67	Tofta	35
33. Dalhem	80. Silte	Gerum	70	Träkumla	30
34. Hörsne & Bara	81. Alva	Gothem	28	Vall	37
35. Tofta	82. Rone	Grötlingbo	87	Vallstena	24
36. Stenkumla	83. Hablingbo	Guldrupe	53	Vamlingbo	90
37. Vall	84. Havdhem	Hablingbo	83	Viklau	47
38. Roma	85. Eke	Hall	2	Visby	21
39. Halla	86. Näs	Halla	39	Vänge	54
40. Ganthem	87. Grötlingbo	Hamra	91	Väskinde	14
41. Norrlanda	88. Fide	Hangvar	6	Västergarn	50
42. Eskelhem	89. Öja	Havdhem	84	Västerhejde	29
43. Hogrän	90. Vamlingbo	Hejde	60	Väte	52
44. Björke	91. Hamra	Hejdeby	22	Öja	89
45. Mästerby	92. Sundre	Hejnum	16	Östergarn	58
46. Atlingbo		Hellvi	13		
47. Viklau		Hemse	77		



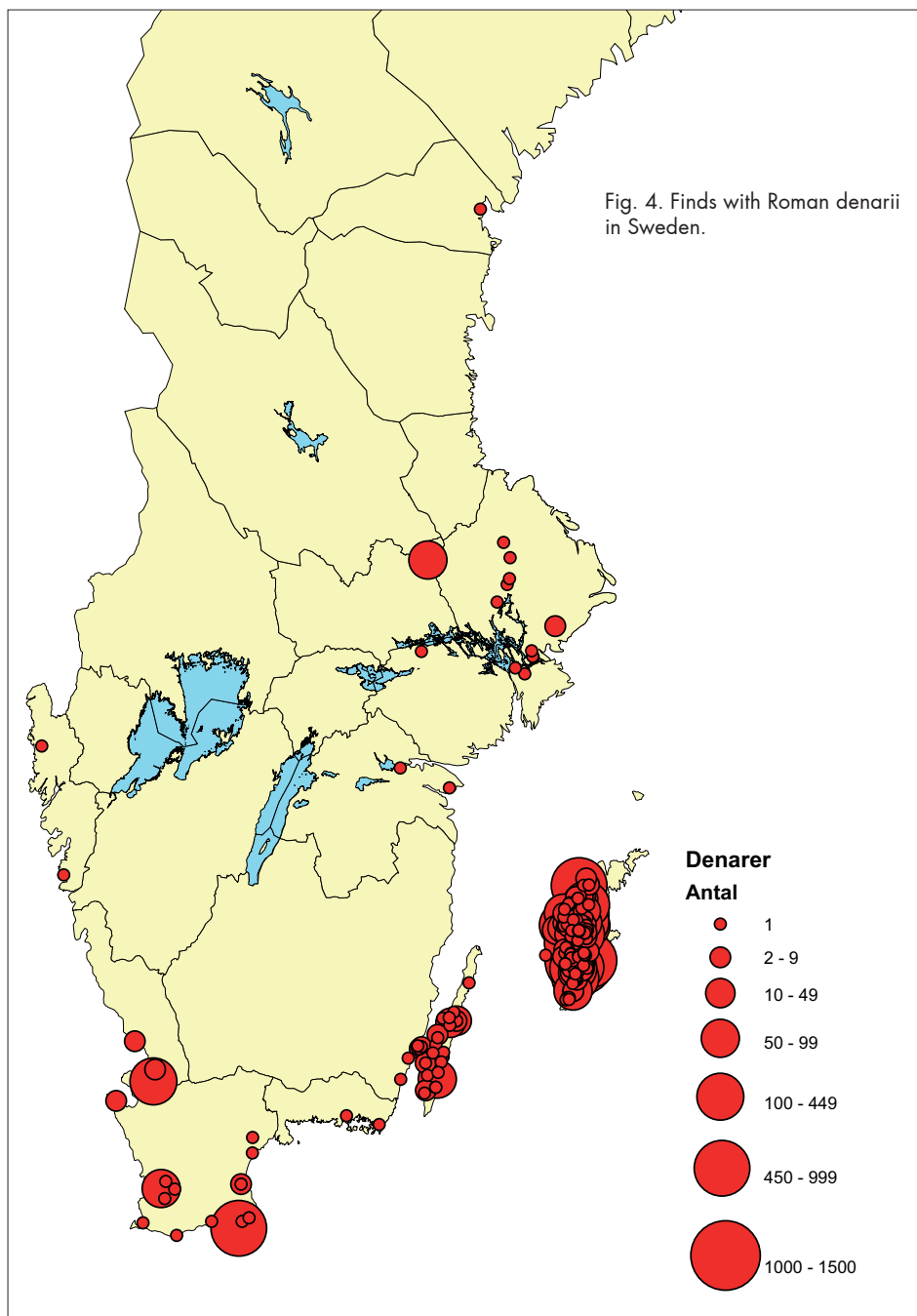
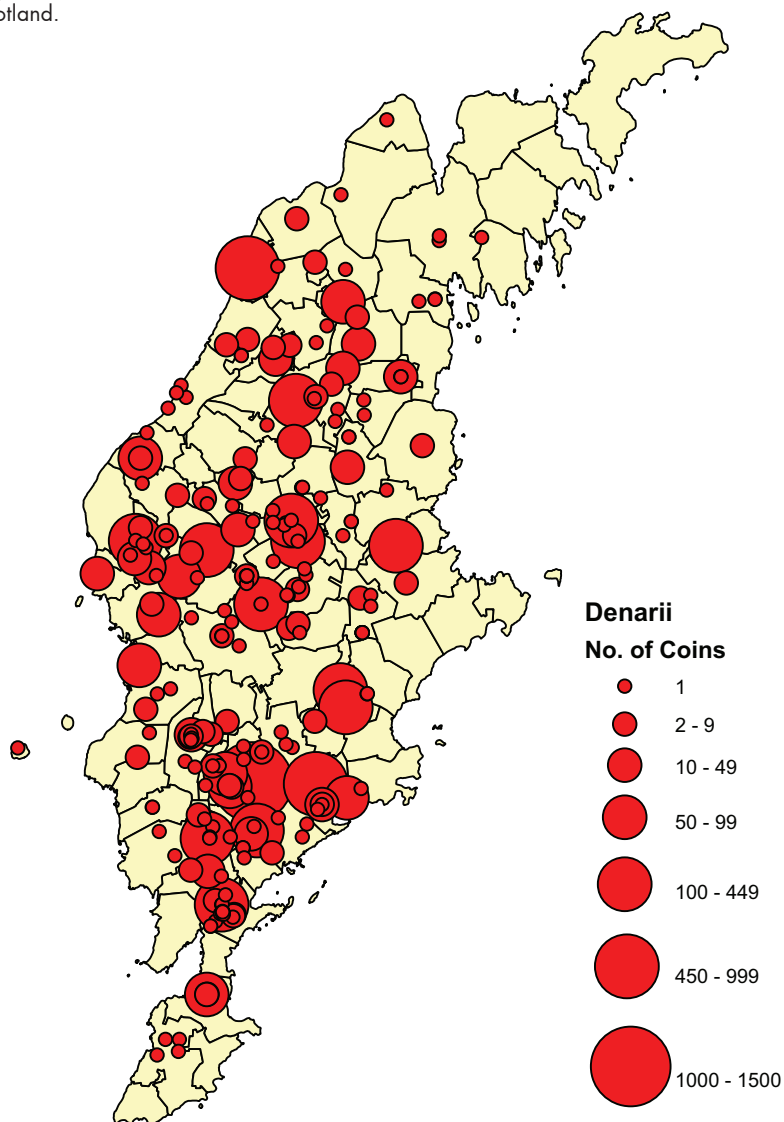


Fig. 5. Finds with Roman denarii on Gotland.



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Abbreviations

- KMK Kungliga Myntkabinettet, Stockholm
- OCRE Online Coins of the Roman Empire, <https://numismatics.org/ocre/>
- RIC1 Mattingly, H & Sydenham, E, The Roman Imperial Coinage I, Augustus to Vitellius, London 1923; II, Vespasian to Hadrian, London 1926.
- RIC2 Sutherland, C.H.V., The Roman Imperial Coinage I. Revised edition. From 31 BC to AD 69, London 1984.
- RIC – RIC II-IV.I
Mattingly, H. & Sydenham, E., The Roman Imperial Coinage, II, Vespasian to Hadrian. London 1926; III, Antoninus Pius to Commodus, London 1930; IV.I, Pertinax to Geta, London 1936.
- RIC2 Carradice, I. & Buttrey T., Roman Imperial Coinage II.1. Second fully revised edition. From AD 69 to 96. Vespasian to Domitian, London 2007.
- RIC2 Abdy, R. A., Roman Imperial Coinage II.3. From AD 117-138. Hadrian. London 2019.
- SHM Statens Historiska Museum/Museer (The National Historical Museum/Museums), Stockholm

Published issues of Roman Denarii

Roman Denarii 2026:1

Hoard: Gotland, Bäl par., Gane, Öja par. Öja

Roman Denarii 2025:1

Hoard: Gotland, Fardhem par., Gerete

Roman Denarii 2024:2

Hoard: Gotland, Grötlingbo par., Norrkvie

Roman Denarii 2024:1

Hoard: Gotland, Sjonhem par., Sojvide

Roman Denarii 2018:1

Imitations of Roman Denarii found in Sweden

Roman Denarii 2015:1

Hoard: Gotland, Garde par., Robbenarve

Roman Denarii 2013:2

Hoard: Gotland, Hogrän par., Djupbrunns

Roman Denarii 2013:1

Hoard: Gotland, Fröjel par., Mulde

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Swedish published on the Internet since 2003 by NFG.

A total of more than 100 seminar papers have been written. They cover the period c. 800-1800. The files (mainly in Swedish) are available for downloading at:

www.su.se/numismatiska-forskningsgruppen/om-forskningsgruppen/studentuppsatser-1.595391

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