1. INTRODUCTION

AIM OF THE PRESENT STUDY

- Examination of the prosodic phrasing of the left dislocation (CLLD) construction in Romance and Bantu languages under consideration: Romance languages: Catalan, Spanish, Italian, and French
- Bantu language: Shingazidja, Sotho, Xhosa, and Zulu

2. CLLD IN SHINGAZIDJA AND SOTHO

- In some languages, there is no difference in the phrasing of the prosodic subject NPs and left dislocated NPs.

3. CLLD IN CATALAN, SPANISH, ITALIAN, FRENCH

4. CLLD IN XHOSA AND ZULU

- In some languages, there is a difference in the phrasing between prosodic subject NPs and left dislocated NPs (c-particle lengthening).

5. THE OT ANALYSIS - SOTHO, XHOSA & ZULU

6. CONCLUSION

- Languages differ with respect to the phrasing of CLLD and preverbal subjects.
- Romance languages seem to prefer a boundary after CLLD.
- SOTHO: Agree on the results of the phrasing analysis with respect to the superiority of a phrase break after the CLLD constituent.

REFERENCES


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