# Profiles of School Refusal among Neurodivergent Youth

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# Background

### School refusal

- Verbal refusal
- Physical refusal
- Distress and/or difficulty attending school

### May result in

- Tardiness
- Partial absences
- Complete absences
- Or none of the above

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## Prevalence of School Refusal

- ~35% of non-autistic youth
- >50% of autistic youth
- Even greater risk of school refusal in autistic youth with ADHD
  - Parent report of school refusal significantly increases to ~68%

# Correlates of School Refusal

- School refusal has been identified as a precursor for absenteeism
- Associated with
  - Mental health concerns (e.g., anxiety, depression)
  - Sleep changes/disturbances
  - Physical health concerns (e.g., headaches, heart palpitations)
  - Various 'at-home' factors (e.g., SES, marital status of parents, etc.)
- In neurodivergent youth, specifically
  - Bullying
  - Individualized Education Plan (IEP)-related services (i.e., behavior support plans & 1:1 aide)
  - Externalizing behaviors

# Current Study

Primary Aim: Examine school refusal profiles among youth across a spectrum of neurodivergence

Hypothesis: Multiple profiles of youth varying in both neurodivergence, and school refusal will emerge

### Methods

- N = 508 ( $n_{U.S.}$  = 481;  $n_{International}$  = 27) parents of neurodiverse children
- Youth:
  - 6.0 17.8 years old (M= 11.55; SD = 3.45)
  - White, non-Hispanic (67%), Male (69%)
  - Public School (70%)
- Parents:
  - 20 71 years old (M = 40.59, SD = 8.49)
  - White, non-Hispanic (85%), Women (95%)

### Measures & Variables

#### Social Responsiveness Scale, Second Edition (SRS-2)

• Autism-related traits

#### Vanderbilt ADHD Diagnostic Parent Rating Scale (VADPRS)

- ADHD-related traits
- Internalizing symptoms
- Externalizing behaviors
- Academic and social support needs

### Assessment of Bullying Experiences (ABE)

• Frequency of bullying experiences

#### GO4KIDDS Brief Adaptive Scale

- Social communication support needs
- Self-care support needs

#### Demographic Questionnaire

- School refusal frequency
- Time spent in general education
- If they receive IEPrelated services/# of services
- School setting
- Range of other descriptors (e.g., age, race, SES, parental marital/employment status, etc.)
- School refusal reasons

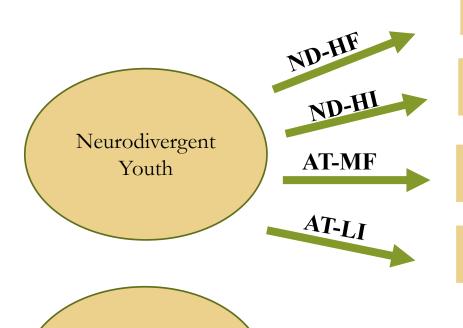
# Data Analytic Plan

- Latent Profile Analysis (LPA)
  - Identifies subpopulations or 'latent profiles' based on response patterns of observed profiles
  - Strong exploratory approach
  - Both categorical and continuous variables
- Post Hoc Analyses
  - Further differentiation of profiles
  - Scheffe's adjustment was used for multiple comparisons.

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# Results - 5 Profiles Identified

CC-LF



Community

Youth

High school refusal (~1x month) & Frequent time in general education (82% of the day)

High school refusal (~1x month) & Infrequent time in general education (4% of the day)

Moderate school refusal (every few months) & Frequent time in general education (91% of the day)

Low school refusal (~1-2x a year) & Infrequent time in general education (11% of the day)

Low school refusal (in the past) & Frequent time in general education (98% of the day)

# Results – School Factors

### Support Needs

- ND-HI & ND-HF had higher academic, self-care, and social support needs compared to each of the other profiles (\*\*/s>3.09, adj. \*p\*/s<.05)
- Bullying Victimization
  - ND-HF experienced more bullying victimization compared to the other profiles (t's $\geq$ 3.23, adj. p's $\leq$ .035)
    - ND-HI & AT-MF youth experienced significantly more bullying than AT-LI or CC-LF youth (*t*'s > 4.75, adj. *p*'s < .001)

# Results – Behavioral Profiles

#### **Internalizing Symptoms**

- ND-HF & ND-HI had internalizing symptoms at or above screening cutoffs
  - More than AT-LI or CC-LF youth (Int: ℓ's≥5.81, adj. p's<.001), which did not differ
- AT-MF youth had internalizing symptoms below screening cutoffs
  - More than AT-LI or CC-LF (t's $\geq$ 3.87, adj. p's $\geq$ .005)

### **Externalizing Behaviors**

- ND-HF & ND-HI had externalizing behaviors at or above screening cutoffs
  - More than AT-LI or CC-LF youth (Ext: ℓ's≥7.10, adj. p's<.001), which did not differ
- AT-MF youth had externalizing symptoms below screening cutoffs, that did not differ from AT-LI or CC-LF (t's<|1.95|; adj. p's $\geq$ .228) 11

# Discussion & Implications

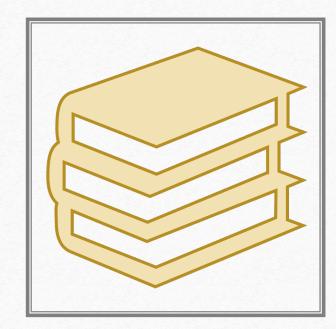
- Consistent with previous findings, ND youth with more ADHD-related traits are more likely to engage in higher rates of school refusal
- ND youth with high school refusal were also more likely to have more autism and ADHD related traits, greater internalizing and externalizing symptoms, most academic, self-care, and social support needs, and a higher frequency of bullying victimization
- Findings may highlight the need to look beyond just clinical thresholds or diagnostic classifications when determining risk for school refusal
- Further, no profile emerged that was comprised of only international youth, and international youth were distributed fairly evenly across all 5-classes

# Limitations

- All measures were collected online via parent-report
- Prevalence rates of school refusal and bullying within this sample may not reflect the broader community or neurodivergent populations

# Future Directions

- Findings provide important insight into the profiles of ND youth at-risk to engage in more school refusal
- Identify these youth may allow for earlier intervention and prevention measures to take place
- Next steps:
  - Consider how different reasons for school refusal interface with the support needs of ND youth
  - Incorporate multimethod assessment to protect against bias (e.g., child-, teacher-, observational)





# Questions & Thanks

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- Questions?

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